Richmond Times-Dispatch THE DISPATCH

> ADDRESS ALL COMMUNICA-TIONS to The Times-Dis-path, and not to individuals. FELEPHONE: Randelph L. Private Branch Exchange connecting with all depart-ments.

BRANCH OFFICES: Wash-ington, 1416 New York Ave-nue: New York City, Fifth Avenue Building; Chicago, People's Gas Building; Philadelphia, Colonial Trust Building.

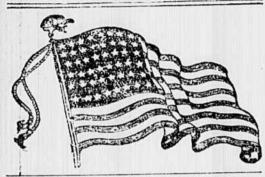
Building.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES IN ADVANCE by mail: Daily and Sunday, one year, \$9.00; 6 months, \$4.75; 3 months, \$2.40; one month, 90 cents, buily only, one year, \$6.50; 3 months, \$3.50; 3 months, \$1.75; one month, 50 cents, sunday only, one year, \$3.25; 6 months, \$1.75; one month, 30 cents, \$1.75; and \$1.75; one month, \$1.75; and \$1.7

H our friends who favor us with manuscripts and illustrations for publication wish to have unavailable articles returned, they must in all cases send etamps ton that purpose.

MEMBER OF THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.—The Associated Press is exclusively entitled to the use for republication of all news dispatches credited to it or not otherwise credited in this paper, and also the local news published herein. All rights of republication of special dispatches herein are also regerved.

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 16, 1912.



Compared with the anxious and exasperating preliminaries and the agonizing and sordid post mortem, the war itself was a delightinterinde of splendid impulse, noble patriotism and pure courage and devotion. The fight seems to have brought out the best, and the two ends of it the very worst

in Wisconsin 5,000 farmers who established a first-class slaughtering house and packing plant, to be operated by and for themselves, have sold out and disbanded. having learned again the old lesson that while the idea of co-operative enterprise is entirely beautiful in theory it does not compete successfully with the system of corporation enterprise in actual practice.

The minority report of the Foreign Affairs Committee giving reasons why the treaty should be ratified without amendment, is a convincing statement in all of the arguments advanced. But this one alone is sufficient: If an amended treaty is not signed by Germany, then it is in none of its parts binding upon her." That Germany would not sign without material concessions, which the allies are now in no position to resist, is a foregone conclusion

Representative Thompson, Republican, of Ohio, complains in a recent speech in extension of his remarks printed in the Congressional Record, but not spoken on the floor | world. of the House, that railroad men on the staff of the director-general are receiving wasteful paid to others is equivalent to the pot calling for this nation to have a flect equal in convicted just the same. Thirty days." the kettle black. Besides, look at the money strength to any afloat, but they cannot wasted in printing a speech which the accus ing Representative never delivered.

The former German Kaiser has advised his friends to discontinue all agitation on his behalf, as he has become convinced that the allies will never bring him to trial. In this view he is doubtless correct. When the peace conference decided to bring him to trial, it unquestimumbly was influenced by political considerations which had to do with satisfying promises previously made, and to some extent with the stability of governments participating in the conference. With the cooling down of the poisons of the war, it is becoming the accepted opinion that there is no basis in international law for such pro-

Lord Rothmeroure, brother of Lord Northcliffe, offers as a solution of the British financial problem the plan of selling the Bahamas and certain of the West Indies Islands in liquidation of liabilities due to America. America may or may not be ready to snap up a few bargains in British islands of the Western Hemisphere, but conditions in respect to disposal of colonial possessions have changed from what they were before the war. Now it takes three to make a tradethe seller, the buyer and the people who inhabit these postessions, under the new will receive re-enforcements from the Ausworld order, the self-determination of the trian fleet if there are any ships of the late people directly concerned in the deal is a major factor, as it once was not.

Expressing surprise at the calmness of the people in Idaho, the President voiced the feeling of most of those who have gone recently from the cities into the rural districts. The truth is folks in the country are going about their business and giving their attention to their neighborhood and personal affairs, entirely undisturbed by the commotions and anxieties that agitate the centers. Their confidence in the stability of the government never is shaken because they have the underlying sense that in the last analysis they are the government and quite capable of taking charge, if it should become necessary, in involved. any kind of emergency and establishing things on a sensible and solid basis.

The Galveston seawall successfully with stood the fury of a tropical storm Sunday and was once more saved from a possible great disaster by reason of the protection it afforded. As it was, a sixty-five mile gale flooded the business section of the city and the north side of the island with three feet of water from the bay, washed out 2,000 feet | month Carranza collects a tribute to give of tracks on the railroad bridge connecting the city with the mainland and caused hundreds of residents to flock to high points in the city for safety. The wisdom and foresight which induced the construction of this stupendous piece of masonry has saved Galveston from a repetition of the great disaster of 1898 at least upon two occasions since that time, and now, so great is the confidence of the people of the city in its power of re-

sistance to the fury of storms, they no longer become panic-stricken and fice to the mainland for protection when hurricane signals are hoisted, as of yore.

What America Entered the War For.

S OME among the opponents of ratification of the treaty as written and subscribed of the treaty as written and subscribed at Versailles by the representatives of twenty eight countries, to which the signature of Austria subsequently has been attached, contend that the document goes outside of and beyond the purposes for which the people of the United States entered the struggle. They insist that American participation was primarily to protect American lives and interests from the German menace, and that purpose having been accomplished with the crushing of the German armles and the signing of the armistice, this country should hold aloof from Europe, in safeguarded isolation. and leave that country to grapple alone with the stupendous problem of readjusting itself to the new world order.

That such was not the American intent in entering the war, was sharply stressed by President Wilson in his Tacoma speech Saturday. Reading from his address to Congress on April 2, 1917, in which he asked the government of the United States to accept Germany's challenge to war, he recalled these meaningful words of the address: "We shall fight for the things we have always carried nearest our hearts; for democracy; for the right of those who submit to authority to have a voice in their own government; for the rights and liberties of small nations; for a universal dominion of right of such a concert of free peoples as will bring peace and safety to all nations and make the world itself at last free. To such a cause we can dedicate our lives and our fortunes, everything that we are, anything that we have, with the pride of those who know that the time has come when America is privileged to spend her blood and her might for the principles that gave her birth, of happiness and of peace which she has enjoyed. God helping her, she can do no other."

The American people do not forget with what tremendous enthusiasm they received this statement of their aims as to the war. Congress accepted the statement as the voicing of the great American heart, and in the resolution which it all but unanimously passed declaring war upon Germany, underwrote American purpose in entering the struggle and voted the means for carrying on the war to its victorious conclusion and to the negotiating of a peace which should achieve these splendid results. The people of America, now that victory has been won on the bloody field of battle, have not abated one whit in their ardor for a peace of justice which should accomplish all of these noble aims, the triumph of the principles which gave the nation its birth.

They believe that such a peace has been negotiated and its permanence made secure by the league of nations' plan incorporated in the treaty. They want the program upon which they started out, and to which they gave such unified support in the mobilizing of their respurces for its prosecution, carried out to its fullest fruition. God help them, they can hold no other attitude toward the treaty which fulfills that pledge. Republican Senators, from motives of partisan gain, may confuse the issue, but if they go to the extreme of defeating the treaty, or of so amending it as to undo the work already accomplished, and force it back into conference for renegotiation, and thus delay for an indefinite period the return of peace, they will call down upon themselves and their party the overwhelming condemnation of the American people and blast the hopes of the

The Second Naval Power

upon the advisability of the United States Navy holding firmly its position as the second sea power. To overtake or to overcome the lead which Great Britain has gained in payal armament might impose a taxation burden upon the people of this country which is unnecessary in view of the improbability of conflict between the two English-speaking

But the state of world affairs and the necessity for the United States maintaining the position it holds as the guardian of practically the whole of the Western Hemisphere seems to dictate a naval policy in keeping with the responsibilities which are assumed

and the possibilities which are to be faced. As a result of the world war the American navy has secured rank next to Great Britain in naval strength. The destruction of the German fleet eliminates that country as our rival for this station. Next to the United States comes Japan, and next to Japan comes France. The Austrian fleet and that of Russia are no longer to be reckoned with. The former is now interned at Pola and is little more than a rusting mass of steel. The greater part of the Russian armada has been destroyed.

Italy, however, remains a formidable sea power. Her naval losses were not severe dual empire left, when the distribution comes, that can be rehabilitated. There are, in fact, only five great fleets left in the world. Great Britain, the United States, Japan, France and Italy-all allies-command them. And the combined strength of the British and American armaments is greater than that

of the rest of the fighting craft combined. Congress may properly reduce the size of the army and may even frown upon universal military training as a factor in our defense, but that body should make sure that the navy keeps its place in the list of sea powers. And whatever outlays may be required to that end will be cheerfully acquiesced in by the taxpayers who must meet the payments

From the slow sales of government supplies in many cities, we may judge that the American people have learned to believe that here must be something wrong in anything offered at a reasonable price and something disgraceful in using it.

Carranza and Paciez have an ideal arrange ment with the oil interests in Mexico. Each protection from Paclez, and Paclez collects to guarantee protection from Carranza,

Lest we forget, those bomb-placers whom Secret Service agents started out more than three months ago to round up are still at large. Evidently, the trail has grown cold.

Queer that when the actors had a run-in with the managers it was called a walkout.

SEEN ON THE SIDE BY ROY K. MOULTON

How to Write a Popular Song

(Apologies to W. S. Gilbert.) If you want a receipt for that marvelous mystery.

Known to the world as a popular song, Read all the books about Dixie in history, Then start to write and you cannot go wrong. Mention the Swance, a steamboat, a whip-poor-

Honey-bees, cotton, red roses that bloom, Then add a banjo, a cabin upon a hill. And honeysuckle with baimy perfume; The Mississippi will lend it much atmosphere,

Don't slight old Joe and his son shuffling Sam. Don't forget Mammy whose cooking can always checr. And that old pan where she fries eggs and

Just succee from Dixie all words that are squeezable. The process is simple and easy and feasible, Then add a few notes that a baby can hum, And a popular song is tite residuum.

-Norman Stuckey,

Try Ping-Pong.

ham;

Dear S. O. S.: Where, oh where, are we poor roughnecks going, and what, oh what are we to do, when all the world's gone in for tennis? -- Joe Burger.

A Musical Incident. The young lady attended a concert. As the violinist finished his solo she wept loudly. "Ah!" he said, "she is a lover of music." Rushing to her he clasped her. "I understand," he said, "you have true appreciation." "Yes." she said. "you played grand. But I wept because I neglected to remove my dog's dinner from the

stove, and I know it is ruined." Mystery of Room 43. LADIES READY TO WEAR GARMENTS

IN ROOM 43. -Sign in Goldroads, Ariz.

A boatlead of movie stars will sail for Italy shortly to supply films for the mad movie starvelings of Russia and the near Orient. We wonder if the Russian peasant mind will fall for the hero-hanging-on-the-cliff-stuff out in the great clean heart of the Golden West, where they drink their "likker straight and treat their women squar'." And, too, we wonder how Doraldino's films will go in the Oriental countries. And while these movie stars are sailing across the ocean we will bet a brand-new cookie that one of them will have a desperate hand-to-fin fight with a man-eating shark. There's a lot to the movies when you think of it.

And Cheese With Rarebit! Something unique in signs hangs from a

new soft drink and cat place on upper Broad-It reads: "Pic a la Mode With Ice

"Bear" It.

Said the joker to the broker, "Will you tell me what you do

When the market seems as high as it will Said the broker to the joker, "The advice I'd

give to you Is to go out on the 'change and shoot the -T. B. F.

Scarin' 'Em to Death.

The Cudahy plant has been fined \$100 on each of twenty-three counts, for storing \$0,000 pounds of beef more than a year.

That's the way to do it! Attaboy, Ol Man Guy'mint! Any time yuh catch a billionaire making \$1,000,000 starvin' people, soak 'em two bits, anyhow. If yuh can't hit 'ent hard, tickle

"But, Your Honor," said the Lawyer who wanted to split hairs, "between being satisfied and contented there is a wide difference; besalaries. For a member of a do-nothing Congress to complain of wasteful salaries A question of whether or not it is desirable convinced of your ellent's innocence, but he is

It is almost a sure bet that the letter which took thirty-seven years to travel nine blocks did not contain a bill.

These Days, Surely.

"Yes, Jones," said Smithers, "I gave all my daughters a fair chance-an equal start. Mabel I educated in music. Ethel in languages, Mary in all the outdoor sports, Lucy in dancing and acting, and Irene, the youngest -- she stayed at home and learned housekeeping and cooking with her mother"

"And their prospects for matrimony, Jones

"Fine! Splendid! I could marry Mabel and Ethel and Mary and Lucy tomorrow, if I could only keep that gang of fellows from running

Keyboard Touches BY FRANK H. BROOKS. Old Age for the Old Towns.

not for the man whose competency enables him to retire within marble halls. Nevertheless, such a one may be benefitted by adapting the suggestions.

adapting the suggestions.

In every great city there are men who have played the game courageously—who have kept the faith. But the inscrutable has obstructed the way, and in the gathering shadows of the day, they stand and look and inquire. "What A majority of the attributes that has brought

A majority of the attributes that has brought them thus far are as forceful as ever. They lack the elasticity of virile youth. Their aspirations stand tiploe as in other days. But the current has become swifter. The hoats for which Charon is waiting were not built for present conditions.

Competition is not the life of trade to all. It is a dead weight to the man whose shoulders have grown round and whose back is turned to the rising sun.

to the rising sun

the rising sun.

Let such take the first train for the old town, I not their old town, the old town of others, hey will meet on the way radiant youth xultant with anticipation and determination o enter the combats of the great city. Someody must fill the vacant places which these ligh aspirants have quit.

hody must fill the vacant places which these high aspirants have quit.

Did you ever know of a country newspaper advertising for young men? Welcomes await the returning pilgrims to the old towns. The ones who are ready to begin over again. Who but these sages so well fitted to tell the youth that has not yet left what lies ahead?

Glory be, there is enough left in the old towns for old, old men to keep them going until they "turn down an empty glass."

A Daily Once Over. Contentment and High Cost of Living.

You are worrying a whole lot, making the members of your family unhappy, because your increased income does not go so far as the small salary of other days.

Don't you realize that if your pay has not increased proportionately to living costs that your family is not to blame?

If you have an economical family, the different members living as cheaply as possible, why harass them and disturb that peace of mind which is essential to comfort?

Daily aruguments breed discontent and resentment, the more so if unjust.

ntment, the more so if unjust. Your home is not the only one where the same truggle is going on. Be sensible.

Because you find it hard to get ahead on what ou carn, you need not drive peace and happi-less from your fireside or the family circle. lome contentment is the most valuable thing Keep the good feeling, no matter what is the cost of living,—(Copyright, 1919.)

Health Talks by Dr. Wm. Brady

Lightning Rods. (Copyright, 1918, ov National Newspaper Serv' c

In driving through the country I have often observed certain houses highly decorated with glistening rods and attachments intended to conduct lightning harmlessly down into the the ground. And when I see such a house fairly groaning under its equipment I feel morally certain, indeed I sometimes stop and make a bet with a companion that on entering the parlor we will find under the table one copy of the "Family Medical Adviser" with "Curious Facts and Still More Curious Fanets (Not to Mention the Pies) About the Human Body" in near-morocco, weighing twelve and a half pounds, and encrusted with honest dust. And generally I win, for the farmer's room trimming betrays him as a credulous fellow.

One lightning rod on a house, provided it projects to a reasonable height above the roof, will protect the house and its immediate environments quite as well as 100, but Abner is a hard worker and he believes in carrying enough coals to keep Newcastle good and warm.

Among the several thousand new house pulp-

enough coals to keep Neweastle good and warm.

Among the several thousand new books published annually. Medicine contributes her genfrous share, being usually third, with more impertant things like fiction and philosophy ahead. And a good four-lifths of the medical and health matter published each year is worthless stuff, yet in order to keep abreast of the times a doctor must sean and cult a large share of it and extract good kernels here and there. Some little two-by-four doctors brazenly declare they can't find time to read much medical interature or to write anything. Curious how the great masters of the profession manage to find time to do a tremendous amount of medical and other reading and to write long articles and books.

Separating the wheat from the chaff is a difficult task for a trained physician. It is impossible for a lay reader. Therefore when the

Separating the wheat from the chaff is a difficult task for a trained physician. It is impossible for a lay reader. Therefore when the layman gets hold of a medical journal or a medical book or a plausible exposition of some new method of treatment the result is generally harmful and sometimes disastrous. No fool like a fool who would be his own doctor. No credulity to compare with that of the skeptic. No dupe fails harder than Mr. Wischelmer. It is not at all remarkable that unwarv lay readers should so readily absorb all sorts of ridiculous near-science. We doctors cannot east alones with impunity. A glance through the

ridiculous near-science. We dectors cannot east stones with impunity. A glance through the advertising pages of the average medical journal proves that the doctors themselves must be a rather guilible lot. Indeed, shrewd wildcat promoters and fake stock dealers in general recognize that, for a doctor's mail is generally burdened with come-on literature.

Just as the affable agent unloads forty lightning rods on the poor husbandman who needs perhaps one, so do innumerable exploiters of alleged health-promoting ideas distribute their wares among a health-ignorant public. Ignorance gives birth to credulity, and our public schools annually turn out a new supply of health-ignorant individuals, who sooner or later invest in lightning rods.

Colleges Facing Great Registration.

BY DR. FRANK ANDREWS FALL, Burnar of New York University.

All signs point to a record-breaking registra-tion at colleges and universities throughout the United States this fall. In addition to the nor-mal crop of high school graduates there will be

tion at colleges and universities throughout the United States this fail. In addition to the normal crop of high school graduates there will be thousands of what the race-track world knows as "added entries." These will include students whose collegiate education has been temporarily intrupted on account of the war either by reason of actual service in the army or navy or on account of family conditions for which the war was indirectly responsible.

Other additions to the student-body will consist of young men who have had, even in war time, a taste of collegiate instruction, in the Students' Army Training Corps at home or in the various universities of Europe whose doors were hospitably thrown open to enlisted Americans after the declaration of the armistice. It will be particularly interesting to which the latter group as they are assimilated into our own institutions. Their experience in the British and French universities was brief, it is true, but an active, alert, impressionable young American seems to succeed in getting the point of view of a foreign institution in a remark-gably short time, and that he will reflect that viewpoint to a certain degree in his new environment goes without saying.

An avalanche of inquirtes concerning courses, credits, fees and living conditions has kept registrars and faculty secretaries busy all through the summer. With this warning in advance, the authorities in many institutions lave seen the necessity of providing additional classroom, dormitory and dining-hall space. Laboratories have been greatly extended, in view of the unprecedented number of applications for courses in physics, chemistry and the various branches of engineering.

An avalanche of inquiries concerning courses, credits, fees and living conditions has kept registrars and faculty secretaries busy all through the summer. With this warning in advance, the authorities in many institutions have seen the necessity of providing additional class-room, dormitory and dining-hall space. Laborator is branches of engineering.

Providing new buildings and equipment has been a very difficult task in many ensert, but the holding together of the teaching and administrative personnel has been a problem even more difficult to solve. The fact is that a considerable number of good men who left teaching positions to enter various forms of war work now assert that they do not care to renter the teaching profession, even at a generative the constitution of the tinited States has ever held that office outs for three terms. The Constitution of the linited States has ever held that office outs for shall space to reduce the more interesting they are not officially adopted by a greater or less or less extent in 200.

Third Term for President.

Reader, Fals Church.—The metric spitch have a new actuality from this veteran novelicity and the various approach of the teaching profession, even at a generative terms. The Constitution of the linited States has ever held that office outs for shall space the profession, even at a generative terms. The Constitution of the linited States has ever held that office for three terms. The Constitution of the linited States has ever held that office for three terms and there is no law against in the linited States has ever held that office for the calculations of the linited States has ever held that office for three terms. The constitution of the linited States has ever held that office for three terms and there is no law against of the war, in an adde up of a series called subscient and marched all states and there is no law against of the war, in an alred and the events of the war, in an almost out of the marched and marched provided the control of the linited states

enter the teaching profession, even at a gener, our interest of salary. One re-employmen, but the proceeding was established by reau for soldiers, sallors and marines, located in New York City, has hundreds of applications from former teachers who wish to take up some offers the first was established by the control of t rennsylvania before enlistment, asked for a position in a publishing house or on a newspaper. A Cornell graduate made publishing his first choice, selling his second, and teaching his "last and worst." A captein of artillery, with ten years' teaching experience, said that he would never return to the classroom and asked for a position with some commercial concern. Low pay for high-grade teachers is, of course, the chief reason for this state of affairs—(Copyright, 1919.)

A Tabloid Tale How It was Discovered.

(Great Invention Series.)
It was their first morning home from the oneymoon. Breakfast was upon the tablemoking omelette, steaming coffee and heaving

Siberia Spooglesdorf looked her leveliest and pinkest in a simple poppy-splashed negligee of cloth of gold, with a cap of pink lishnet trimmed with adorable spingles flashed upon

pretty golden knob.

ride was upon her face as Newton Spooglesf picked up a biscuit between thumb and
einger, leaned back in his chair and looked
it appraisingly. He smiled, so he must apve of it, thought Siberia. She beamed upon him lovingly and awaited

s praise.
Then Newton Spooglesdorf pinched the bis-Then Newton Spooglesdorf pinched the biscuit, turned it over, and it wasn't until he had tossed it up in the air several times and caught it as though to ascertain its weight, that Siberia became suspicious. She eyed him coldly and a slight frown appeared upon her otherwise smooth and shining forehead. Was it possible there was something wrong with her biscuits? Could it be? Could it???

"My dear," began Newton Spooglesdorf, "this biscuit is quite light."

"Ah," breathed Siberia in relief.

"-for its weight," finished Newton.

"Newton Spooglesdorf," sobbed Siberia, "I hate you!"

hate you!"
"As a biscuit, my dear, this thing is no good. And Newton Spooglesdorf triumphantly hammered one on the heel of each foot Presto: The first rubber heels.

News of Fifty Years Ago. (From Richmond Dispatch, Scot. 16, 1869.)

Judge Alfred Morton, of the Sixth Judicial Circuit, has been transferred to the Hustings Court bench of Richmond. L. T. Freeman, a New Yorker, succeeds Judge Morton in the Sixth Circuit. He has for some time been Commonwealth's attorney for Halifax County. General Canby yesterday appointed Charles Whittlesey Attorney-General, vice Thomas R. Bowden, resigned. Mr. W. Is a resident of Alexandria and was for a time editor of the State Journal, but is better known as the

adjeat candidate for Congress in the Seventh High officials in Washington have expressed the opinion that the Virginia Legislature can elect United States Senators previous to the State's regular admission into the Union. The State Department was yesterday officially notified that New York State has ratified the

Fifteenth Amendment to the Constitution President Grant is slow getting back to Washington from his summer vacation. away from the White House for quite a while yet and has taken the longest vacation yet taken by any President.

FROM OTHER VIEWPOINTS

National Problems Discussed for Readers of The Times-Dispatch by Authoritative Writers-A Dally Editorial Feature.

THE SPENDTHRIFT HABITS OF YOUTH. BY NEWELL DWIGHT HILLIS.

Voice of the People

Letters must give the name and address of the writer. Name will not be published if writer so requests.

To the Editor of The Times-Dispatch: Sir. -1 am sure many of your read-ers will be interested in the follow-ing open letter, which has been ad-

net violate the letter of tradition.

Oldest Mountains in U. S.

Miss A. M. Norton—The Appalachians are presumably the oldest mountains in the United States. The folding which resulted in their formation began, it is supposed, at the end of Carboniferous time. The Cumberland Plateau constitutes a portion of this great mountain system and is probably older than the Ozark uplift in the present phase. However, the granite peaks in Iron and St. Francois Counties, Mo., are not antedated by any land surface in the United States. These peaks have stood as islands in the ancient seas for most of the time at least, since the earliest geologic period. The irregular circles of sandstone and imessione surrounding the igneous rocks in Iron and St. Francois Counties, Mo., are the result of erosion producing a slow retreat of the edges of various formations down the flanks of the Ozark uplift. Warping of the crust is responsible for the high elevation of the rocks in Greene. Webster and adjacent counties. However, the highest granite peaks are higher than the rocks of this region. The oldest formations of the Ozarks were laid down before the age of tishes and reptiles. Some of the younger formations in Greene County do contain fossil fish teeth. Even the oldest limestones in Ozark County do contain fossils, but they are not abundant.

The most startling single document published in years, upon Benjamin published in years, upon Benjamin Franklin's counsel to "lay up something for a rainy day," has just been published by the bankers' association. These statistics are calculated to fill the outs attempted and apprehension of the statistics are calculated to fill the outs attempted and apprehension of the statistics are calculated to fill the outs attempted and the outs attempted and wise, and anything, therefore, that diving a performed and his and anything therefore, that are included in the outs of the original loo, whose life story was traced from the twenty-second year, have died. One is very wealthy. Three men are without means, but self-supporting. There were wealth of the self-supporting the trends of the children or charties. But the critical period is seventy to seventy-five. By this time skixy-three are dead. Sixty of these left no easilate. Three were wealthy. Thirty-for the highly of the profit of the first period is seventy to seventy-five. By this time skixy-three are dead. Sixty of these left no easilate. Three were wealthy. Thirty-for the highly of the profit of the first period is seventy to seventy-five. By this time skixy-three are dead. Sixty of these left no easilate. Three were wealthy. Thirty-for the highly the formal expenses.

If anything whetsoever is calculated to rouse apprehension, spur pride, stimulately many people seems.

If anything whetsoever is calculated to rouse apprehension, spur pride, stimulately many people seems.

If anything whetsoever is calculated to rouse apprehension, spur pride, stimulately many people seems.

If anything whetsoever is calculated to rouse apprehension, spur pride, stimulately many people seems, and the round from France will bring back to come apprehension, spur pride, stimulately many people seems, in middle life, that they have supportable to force anything the first produce of the first hind the progress of the first that the progress of the first that the progress of the first

upon any State or section violations of their constitutional rights and interests.

We view with alarm the spirit of Socialism: riots and racial amagonisms, and we look alone to the Constitution and its rigid observance and to local self-government, for the peace and liberty of the nation.

Sends Greetings to Security League. MARY MASON ANDERSON WILLIAMS. Richmond, Va., Sept. 15. Presider

Sir.—I am sure many of your readers will be interested in the following open letter, which has been addressed to the Hon. Eithu Root, charman of the National Security League,
by Mrs. Mary Mason Anderson Willams, president of the Virginia Association Opposed to Woman Suffrage sends
hearty greetings to the mass-meeting
of the National Security League and
seconds its timely efforts to uphoid the
Constitution.

We register our solemn protest
against all abuses and violations of
the Constitution and especially against
the suffrage amendment, as destructive of the fundamental right of each
State to control its own electorate and
to exercise self-government acrording
to its own peculiar racial and social
cendition.

We oppose the transfer to the Fed.
cral government of those rights constitutionally reserved to the States and
to the people, as undermorate, dangrecous and subversive of our form of
government.

Information Bureau.

bu. it. The precedent was established by George Washington in its refusal to the region lived scent to since. Theodore Roosevelt was President of the United States for An seven and one-half years, and was a candidate after the interval of Taft's administration for what would have been virtually a third term but he had not been twice elected as President when he ran for office in 1912; his first administration mereivy had findingly returned safely to his command. Many and varied were his advantable to the candidate after the interval of Taft's administration for what would have been virtually a third term; but he had not been twice elected as President when he ran for office in 1912; his first administration mereivy had findingly dent when he ran for office in 1912; his first administration mereivy had findingly dent when he ran for office in 1912; his first administration mereivy had findingly dent when he ran for office in 1912; his first administration mereivy had findingly dent when he ran for office in 1912; his first administration mereivy had findingly dent when he ran for office in 1912; his first administration mereivy had findingly communicated itself to his language and the tailian love of the beautiful and the litalian love of the beau

degran, it is supposed, at the end of carbonicrous time. The Cumberland Plateau constitutes a pertion of this great constitutes a pertion of this great constitutes a pertion of this great countain system and is probably to gent phase. However, the granite peaks in Iron and St. Francis Counters, Mo. are not antedated by any land surface it countered to the carried at the carliest geologic period. The iron and st. Francis Counters, Mo. are the regult of erosion producing a slow eitereat of the edges of various is responsible for the high cleavation of the rocks in Greene. Webster and of the rocks are higher than the rocks of this region. The oldest farmations of the Ozark were laid down as Greene. Webster and of Greene. Gounty do contain fossil, but the rocks of this region. The oldest farmations of the Ozark were laid down as green of the pounger formations in Greene. County do contain fossil, but the cett, Even the oldest limestones in Greene County do contain fossils, but the county of county of contain fossils, but the county of contain fossils, but the county of contain fossils, but the county of county